

Selection Guide

Part No.	Emitting Color (Material)	Lens Type	Iv (ucd) [1] @ 10mA		Description
			Min.	Typ.	
CC25-11SEKWA	Super Bright Orange (AlGaInP)	White Diffused	52000	160000	Common Cathode
			*21000	*55000	

Notes:

1. Luminous intensity / luminous Flux: +/-15%.

* Luminous intensity value is traceable to CIE127-2007 standards.

Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Symbol	Parameter		Emitting Color	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
λ peak	Peak Wavelength		Super Bright Orange	610		nm	IF=10mA
λ D [1]	Dominant Wavelength		Super Bright Orange	601		nm	IF=10mA
$\Delta\lambda$ 1/2	Spectral Line Half-width		Super Bright Orange	29		nm	IF=10mA
C	Capacitance		Super Bright Orange	15		pF	VF=0V;f=1MHz
VF [2]	Forward Voltage	Dig1'8,'Dig2'8',Dig3'8',Dig4'8' D1,D4,D5,D6,D8	Super Bright Orange	2	2.5	V	IF=10mA
		D2,D3,D7,L					
IR	Reverse Current	Dig1'8,'Dig2'8',Dig3'8',Dig4'8' D1,D4,D5,D6,D8	Super Bright Orange		10	uA	VR = 5V
		D2,D3,D7,L			20		

Notes:

1. Wavelength: +/-1nm.

2. Forward Voltage: +/-0.1V.

3. Wavelength value is traceable to CIE127-2007 standards.

4. Excess driving current and / or operating temperature higher than recommended conditions may result in severe light degradation or premature failure.

Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

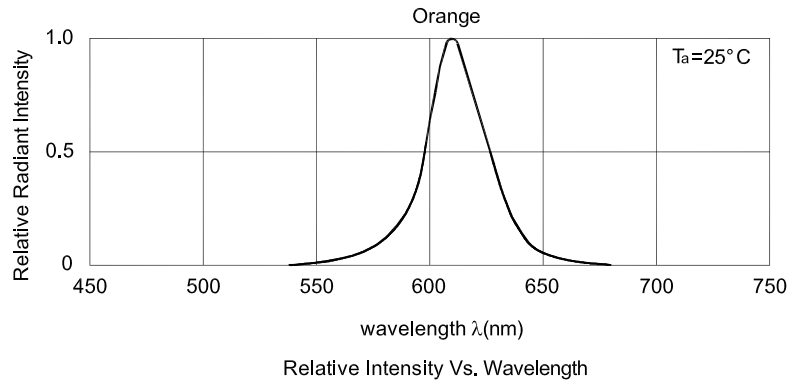
Parameter		Values	Units
Power dissipation	Dig1'8,'Dig2'8',Dig3'8',Dig4'8' D1,D4,D5,D6,D8	75	mW
	D2,D3,D7,L	150	
DC Forward Current	Dig1'8,'Dig2'8',Dig3'8',Dig4'8' D1,D4,D5,D6,D8	30	mA
	D2,D3,D7,L	60	
Reverse Voltage	Dig1'8,'Dig2'8',Dig3'8',Dig4'8' D1,D4,D5,D6,D8	5	V
	D2,D3,D7,L		
Peak Forward Current [1]	Dig1'8,'Dig2'8',Dig3'8',Dig4'8' D1,D4,D5,D6,D8	195	mA
	D2,D3,D7,L	390	
Operating/Storage Temperature		-40°C To +85°C	
Lead Solder Temperature [2]		260°C For 3~5 Seconds	

Notes:

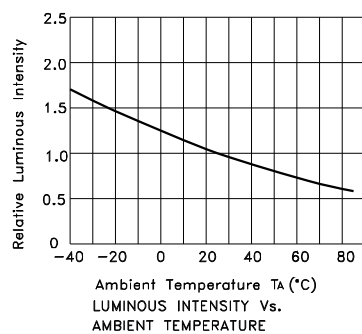
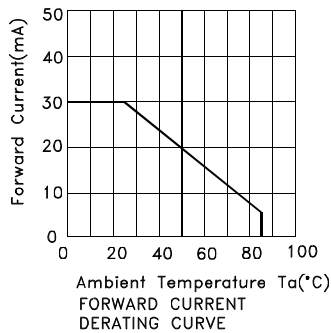
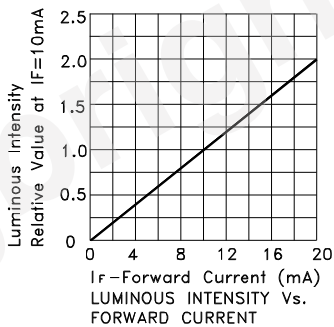
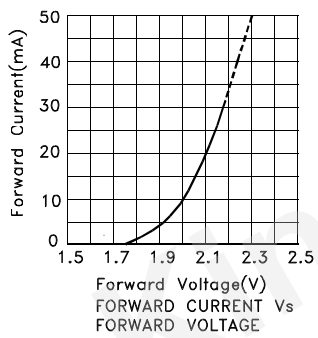
1. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width.

2. 2mm below package base.

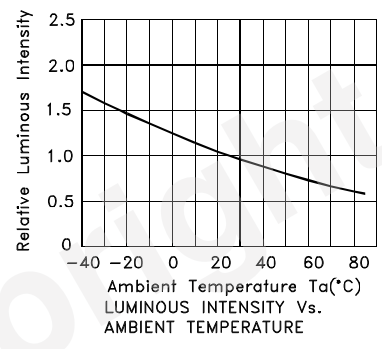
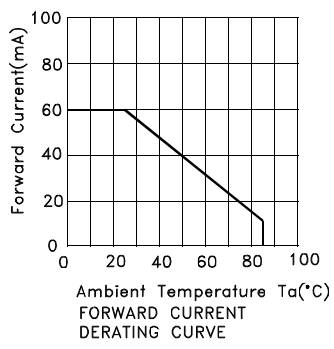
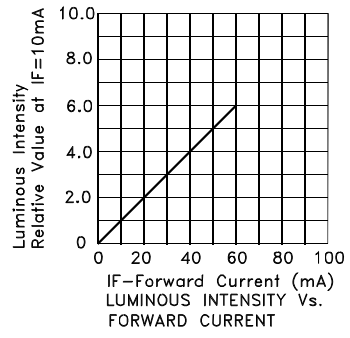
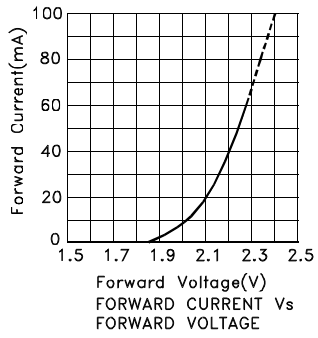
3. Relative humidity levels maintained between 40% and 60% in production area are recommended to avoid the build-up of static electricity – Ref JEDEC/JESD625-A and JEDEC/J-STD-033.



Super Bright Orange CC25-11SEKWA

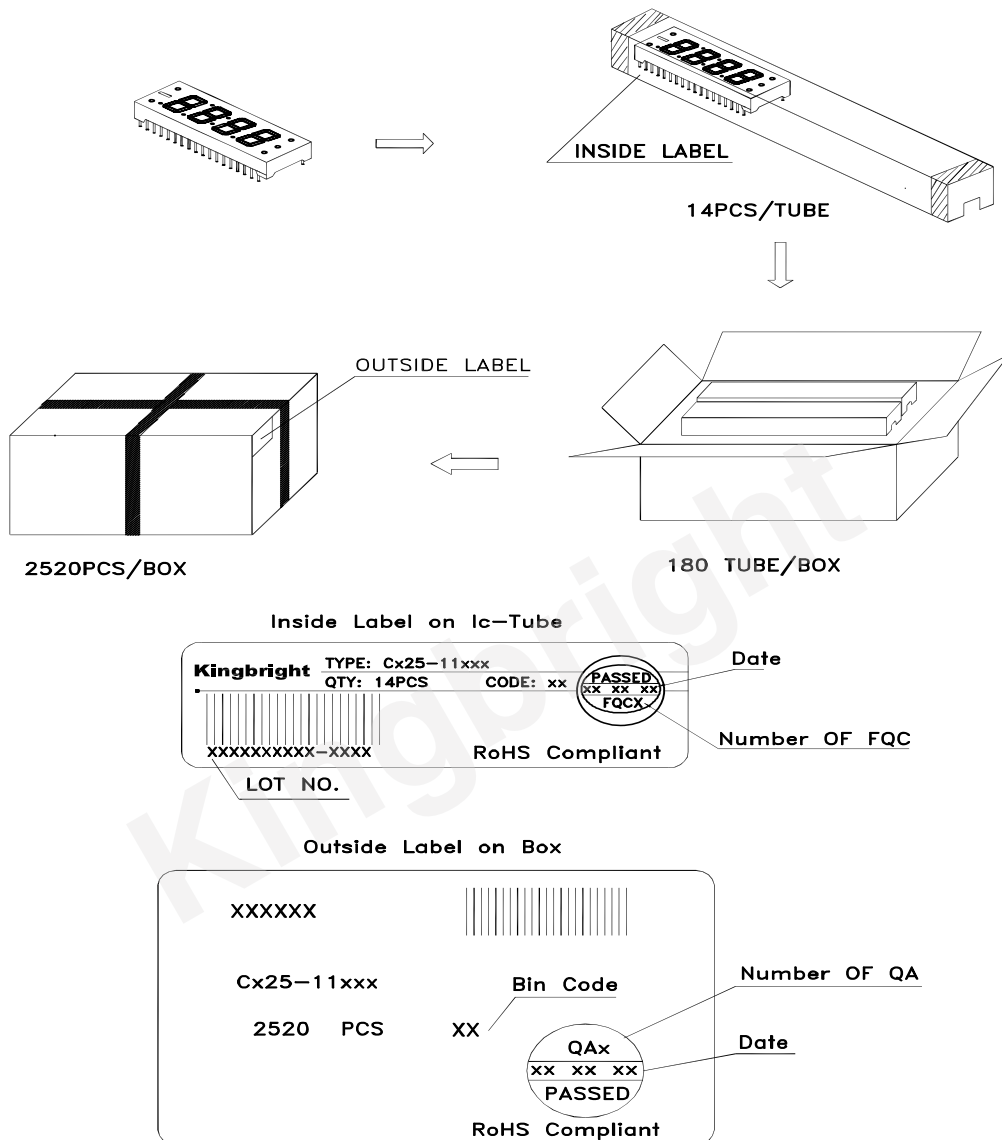


Super Bright Orange



PACKING & LABEL SPECIFICATIONS

CC25-11SEKWA



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Through Hole Display Mounting Method

Lead Forming

Do not bend the component leads by hand without proper tools.

The leads should be bent by clinching the upper part of the lead firmly such that the bending force is not exerted on the plastic body.



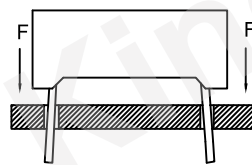
Not Recommended



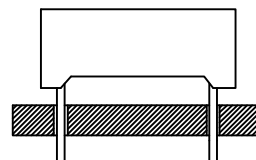
Recommended

Installation

- 1.The installation process should not apply stress to the lead terminals.
- 2.When inserting for assembly, ensure the terminal pitch matches the substrate board's hole pitch to prevent spreading or pinching the lead terminals.



Not Recommended

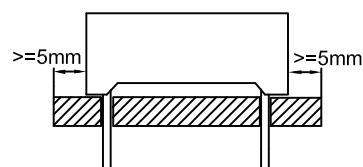


Recommended

- 3.The component shall be placed at least 5mm from edge of PCB to avoid damage caused excessive heat during wave soldering.



Not Recommended



Recommended

Recommended Wave Soldering Profiles:



Notes:

1. Recommend pre-heat temperature of 105°C or less (as measured with a thermocouple attached to the LED pins) prior to immersion in the solder wave with a maximum solder bath temperature of 260°C
2. Peak wave soldering temperature between 245°C ~ 255°C for 3 sec (5 sec max).
3. Do not apply stress to the epoxy resin while the temperature is above 85°C.
4. Fixtures should not incur stress on the component when mounting and during soldering process.
5. SAC 305 solder alloy is recommended.
6. No more than one wave soldering pass.
7. During wave soldering, the PCB top-surface temperature should be kept below 105°C.

Soldering General Notes:

1. Through-hole displays are incompatible with reflow soldering.
2. If components will undergo multiple soldering processes, or other processes where the components may be subjected to intense heat, please check with Kingbright for compatibility.

Cleaning

1. Mild "no-clean" fluxes are recommended for use in soldering.
2. If cleaning is required, Kingbright recommends to wash components with water only. Do not use harsh organic solvents for cleaning because they may damage the plastic parts.
3. The cleaning process should take place at room temperature and the devices should not be washed for more than one minute.
4. When water is used in the cleaning process, immediately remove excess moisture from the component with forced-air drying afterwards.

Circuit Design Notes

1. Protective current-limiting resistors may be necessary to operate the LEDs within the specified range.
2. LEDs mounted in parallel should each be placed in series with its own current-limiting resistor.

Recommended Set-up



Invalid Set-up



3. The driving circuit should be designed to protect the LED against reverse voltages and transient voltage spikes when the circuit is powered up or shut down.
4. The safe operating current should be chosen after considering the maximum ambient temperature of the operating environment.
5. Prolonged reverse bias should be avoided, as it could cause metal migration, leading to an increase in leakage current or causing a short circuit.